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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/019,464 04/01/200		04/01/2002	Zinaida Yulianovna Kozinda	P67528US0	5696
136	7590	06/30/2004		EXAMINER	
		MAN PLLC	BERKO, RETFORD O		
400 SEVENTH STREET N.W. SUITE 600 WASHINGTON, DC 20004				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1615	
	÷			DATE MAILED: 06/30/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/019,464	KOZINDA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Retford Berko	1615
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) d. vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro cause the application to become ABANDON	timely filed  ays will be considered timely.  m the mailing date of this communication.  JED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>31 December</u> 2a)    This action is <b>FINAL</b> .    2b)    This  3)    Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, p	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or		
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) $\square$ objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So ion is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) □ All b) ⊠ Some * c) □ None of:  1. □ Certified copies of the priority documents  2. □ Certified copies of the priority documents  3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applica ity documents have been receiv I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion Noved in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [ 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sudduth et al (US 5, 770, 531) in view of the combination of Targosz et al (US 5, 346, 725), Kummel et al (US 2, 316, 258) and Schindler et al (US 4, 704, 212).
- 3. The claims are directed toward medical material on the base of natural fabric with antimicrobial substance (Catamin AB, a C<sub>10-18</sub> quaternary ammonium compound) and polyatomic alcohol (e.g. polyglycerol). The claims are also directed toward an article made from medical material; said medical material having the aforementioned characteristics (e.g. surgical articles, surgical sheets, surgical clothes, mask and covers). The claims are further directed toward the article being a bed-line, towel, diaper, glove or hosiery or underwear. The medical material used for making the articles have specified wt/% quantities of the Catamin AB and polyatomic alcohol.
- 4. Catamin AB is known in the art as alkyldimethylammonium chloride I
- 5. Sudduth et al (Patent '531) discloses articles that are used routinely in the medical profession, said articles known as "infection control products; e.g. surgical gowns, surgical caps, surgical caps, patient bedding etc. (col 6, lin 5-15). Patent '531 discloses the use of materials—i.e. non-woven web comprising polymers used for making the fabric in the medical articles (col 14, lin 20; lin 60-65 and col 16, lin 5-10). Patent '531 discloses that the fabric material is treated

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with chemicals known in the art for softening textiles; including cationic softeners (e.g. quaternary ammonium compounds (col 9, lin 25-50). More importantly, Patent '531 discloses the fact that it is generally known in the art that the softness of the microfibrous web in the fabric web is an important factor in its application for making personal care products such as surgical drapes, gowns and sterile wraps (col 1, lin 15-20).

- 6. Patent '531 does not disclose the use of polyatomic alcohol for making the softner for the fabric or web materials.
- 7. Kummel et al (Patent '258) discloses an invention for improving the quality of alkali glycolates and alkali lactates as softening agents for textiles; i.e. by mixing the alkali glycolates and alkali lactates with water-soluble polyglycerols (i.e.polyatomic alcohols; col 1, lin 25-55 and col3, lin 15-20).
- 8. Targosz et al (Patent '725) discloses an invention describing fabric softner for textiles wherein textile fibers are treated with a composition formed by mixing quaternary ammonium compound in water. Patent '725 discloses that the quaternary ammonium compound used (i.e. dimethyl ammonium chloride) is known to enhance the softness and abrasion resistance of the textile; possesses anti-fungal properties; has affinity to prevent fungus and yeast infections such as occurs in panties, hosiery and underwear as well as provides anti-static qualities to the textile fibers (col 2, lin 10-30). Equally important is the disclosure in Patent '725 that the quaternary ammonium compound provides disinfecting qualities, serves as a fungicide and sanitizes clothing or fabric thereby preventing fungus and yeast infections (col 4, lin 60-68; continuing to col 5, lin 1-5).

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9. Schhndler et al (Patent '212) discloses liquid after treatment preparation for laundry having fabric softening properties comprising quaternary ammonium compounds such as ditallow alkyldimethylammonium chloride (abstract, col 3, lin 15-25). Patent '212 discloses that the preferred fabric softener for making the composition is alkyldimethylammonium chloride and that active ingredients in the composition leave the treated textiles with significant and uniform improvement in feel and with an antistatic finish free from any patchiness (col 3, lin 50-57). Furthermore, Patent 212 discloses several examples of antimicrobial alkyldimethylammonium chloride compounds useful for making the composition (col 4, lin 35-55).

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10. One of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to make medically oriented articles or materials such as surgical gowns, bandages, surgical caps, patient bedding etc.; said articles having natural fabrics treated with suitable fabric softening compositions comprising Catamin AB (e.g. alkyldimethylammonium chloride) and polyatomic alcohol (e.g. polyglycerol)—just as was done in the prior art cited. One of ordinary skill would expect to obtain medically oriented articles for use in hospitals, nursing homes and other healthcare provider environments; said antibacterial properties of the articles making it useful for controlling bacterial infections while conferring additional benefits of the textiles used for making the articles such as antistatic and lack of pachiness. Therefore the invention as a whole would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time that it was made.

## Correspondence

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Retford Berko** whose telephone number is 703-305-4442. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8.00 am to 5.30 pm

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Thurman K Page**, can be reached on 571-272-0602. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

THURMAN KAPAGE
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
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